2016 CAADP BUSINESS MEETING

Theme:
“Repositioning CAADP for an Accelerated Implementation: Going for Results and Impact”

Status Update of CAADP Implementation:
since Malabo, where are we today?

Addis, 3-4 Nov 2016
Outline of the presentation

A. Key milestones since the Malabo Declaration
B. The Country Process and Structure of the New CAADP Implementation Guidelines
C. Major ongoing activities
Where to => Walking the Talk by measuring results & impact

1. First decade of CAADP was about implementing the PROCESSES (compacts, NAIPS, ITRs, ....) and getting them right
2. It did help REINSERT agriculture back into the national planning processes and open the POLICY SPACE to new actors
3. Today, more inclusive and evidence-based plans & programmes, comprehensive and better aligned to national priorities and planning and budgeting cycles are needed
4. Malabo puts special emphasis on:
   - LINKING economic policy and agriculture policy ..this is exactly the issue of agriculture transformation led development, and
   - a tool called the CAADP RESULTS FRAMEWORK that will help us get the necessary information on HOW THE TRANSFORMATION is taking place and correct as needed
Key Milestones since the Malabo Declaration
I. Repackaging support to countries: more **thematic focus** and content and **less processes** … a portfolio of ongoing projects with NPCA and AUC

1) Risk management and resilience

2) Agriculture, technical and vocation education and training

3) Youth development, skills and entrepreneurship

4) Nutrition

5) Agriculture financing

6) Fisheries (FishGov and FishTrade)

7) Sustainable land management

8) Post-Harvest Management

9) etc.
II. Continued support to country strategic planning and implementation

1) More than 45 countries now have launched CAADP process

2) A total of 42 African countries have signed a CAADP Compact

3) A total of 42 National Agricultural Investment Plans (NAIPs)

4) A total of 38 NAIPs received support for independent technical review to ensure consistency between expected results and resource allocation

5) A total of 31 national Business Meetings held to mobilise resources to implement the NAIPs
III. Continued support to RECs strategic planning and implementation

1) RAIP finalised in EAC
   - Results Framework prepared

2) RAIP finalised for ECCAS
   - ITR completed
   - Set of 11 key projects profiles prepared
   - Business meeting planned by end of year

3) RAIP in IGAD formulated
   - ITR planned for October
   - Business meeting planned for October

4) COMESA signed Regional Compact
IV. Key documents guiding Malabo operationalisation

1) Sustaining the CAADP Momentum to Spur Agriculture Transformation - Achieving Malabo targets through 4 thematic areas. It lays down the VISION and articulates the strategic drivers to sustain the momentum

2) CAADP Results Framework with a set of indicators to track performance and report progress – first time ever

3) Malabo Implementation Strategy & Roadmap

4) Programme of Work –with its rollout plan for AUC, NEPAD and RECs work plans (2015-2016)

5) New CAADP Implementation Guidelines

6) Handbook on the Biennial Review

7) Design of the Biennial Review Mechanism

8) Design of an African Agriculture Transformation Scorecard
The Country Process and Structure of the Guidelines

Domesticating the Malabo Declaration

NAIP Appraisal and Formulation

NAIP Implementation

Mutual Accountability and Reporting
V. Main studies undertaken – knowledge pieces

1) Country System Study
   - support the full integration of CAADP and NAIPs in country systems and processes to enable the achievement of the Malabo commitments in a sustainable way (Malawi, Rwanda and Tunisia)

2) NAIPs Appraisal Study
   - assess the implementation of National Agricultural and Food Security Investment Plans (Burundi, Malawi, Tanzania, and Togo)

3) A Review of the CAADP Partnership Structure
   - assess continuing relevance of present Partnership Architecture; and
   - propose appropriate structure for CAADP II

4) A Snapshot of Country and Regional Experiences, Good Practices and Lessons Learnt in African Agriculture and CAADP since 2003
VI. Institutionalisation of engagement of Key CAADP Constituencies

1) CAADP PP meetings (02)
   - 2015: “Walking the Talk: Delivering on Malabo Commitments on Agriculture for Women Empowerment and Development”
   - 2016: “Innovative Financing and Renewed Partnership to Accelerate Implementation of CAADP”

2) Permanent Secretaries Leadership Retreat Retreat on Operationalizing the Malabo Declaration (02)
   - 2015: Inaugural Meeting (Nairobi)
   - 2016: Second Meeting (Accra)

3) Pan African Farmer Organisation (PAFO)

4) Coalition of Non-State Actors on CAADP (CNC)

5) Private Sector Apex Bodies in Agribusiness (national, regional and continental)

6) CAADP DP TT became CAADP DP CG
Major ongoing activities
1) Country Support for Malabo Domestication
   - Internalisation of the New CAADP Guidelines (CAR, Benin, Ethiopia, Gambia, Guinea, Mali, Senegal, Uganda)
   - NAIP refresh

2) Malabo Biennial Review Mechanism
   - Set of profiled indicators as derived from the CAADP RF
   - Architecture of the overall governance structure of data collection and the reporting
   - African Agriculture Transformation Scorecard

3) Designing of a Catalytic Fund for Malabo Implementation – consultancy draft report available

4) Recent Validation of Malabo Operational Frameworks (Market, Agribusiness, and Private Sector Apex Bodies)

5) AU 4-year Business Plan
1) Design and development of the **Country Agribusiness Partnership Framework (CAP-F)** as an innovative instrument to broaden private sector engagement in CAADP implementation.

2) Following transition to African institutions, continued progress ongoing on **programmatic alignment** of Grow Africa and New Alliance in support of private sector engagement in implementation.

3) Operationalisation of the “**Technical Network Model**” to provide knowledge and capacity in support of implementation:
   - Consolidation and institutionalization
   - Resourcing
   - Convening
Thank you